



Synonym

CXCL8,GCP1,IL8,LECT,LUCT,LYNAP,MDNCF,MONAP,NAF,NAP-1

Source

Human IL-8, Fc Tag(IL8-H5258) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293).
It contains AA Ser 28 - Ser 99 (Accession # [P10145-1](#)).
Predicted N-terminus: Ser 28

Molecular Characterization

IL-8(Ser 28 - Ser 99) P10145-1	Fc(Pro 100 - Lys 330) P01857
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This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus.
The protein has a calculated MW of 34.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 37-43 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method / rFC method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in 50 mM Tris, 100 mM Glycine, 150 mM NaCl, pH7.5 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

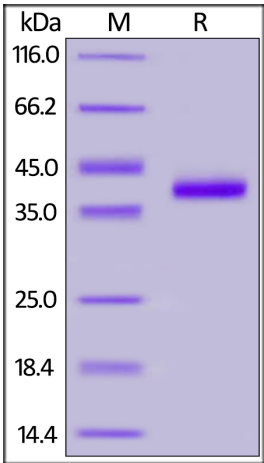
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- 20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- 70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



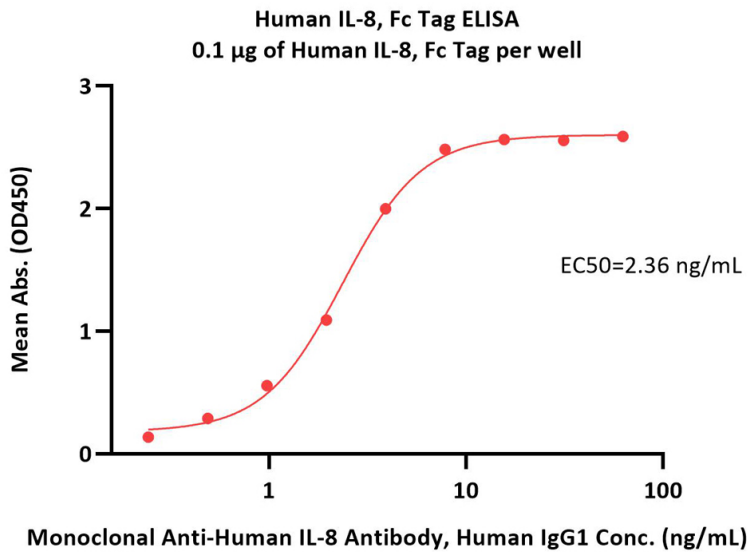
Human IL-8, Fc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

Bioactivity-ELISA



Human IL-8 / CXCL8 Protein, Fc Tag

Catalog # IL8-H5258



Immobilized Human IL-8, Fc Tag (Cat. No. IL8-H5258) at 1 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Monoclonal Anti-Human IL-8 Antibody, Human IgG1 with a linear range of 0.2-4 ng/mL (QC tested).

Background

Interleukin 8 (IL8 or chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 8, CXCL8) is a chemokine produced by macrophages and other cell types such as epithelial cells, airway smooth muscle cells and endothelial cells. There are many receptors on the surface membrane capable of binding IL-8, the most frequently studied types are the G protein-coupled serpentine receptors CXCR1 and CXCR2. Expression and affinity for IL-8 differs between the two receptors (CXCR1 > CXCR2). IL-8(6-77) has a 5-10-fold higher activity on neutrophil activation, IL-8(5-77) has increased activity on neutrophil activation and IL-8(7-77) has a higher affinity to receptors CXCR1 and CXCR2 as compared to IL-8(1-77), respectively.

